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PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL REFORM AND MINORITY'S RIGHTS: A CRITICAL ANALYSIS

A.N.M.NAWAS¹, I.SAUJAN², M.NAZMILA³, M.U.RAKSHANA FARVIN⁴

Correspondence: nawassharafyhani@qmail.com

Abstract

The Constitution is a collection of written laws and unwritten traditions that determine the general principles necessary for the implementation of the system of government and the power of its organs. In today's modern world, all countries are generally subject to constitutional jurisdiction. Moreover, all the measures of the State are under the Constitution and today the weapons of the States, particularly the liberal democratic principle, play an important role in modern states. The political reform of the go down was brought into force in 1833 to take up the political reform of the Sri Lankan country that was under occupation 1505. Subsequently, several amendments were put into effect for the Sri Lankan political reform. Each of these reforms was a new recommendation or a reintroduced reform. Despite a multiplication of amendments, racial discrimination was included and all these amendments were to the effect that the minority community would have a negative impact. Following 2015 this, the government, which came to power in 2015, attempted to bring about a new constitution, which included 20 members on 22 July, that committee name is "Public opinion Committee on constitutional reform". The main objective of this study is to identify and critically clarify the issues that are in the case of the minority community in the cases covered in the draft. Since this is a qualitative study, the data and information required to obtain the information required for the review of the document are obtained from the first and secondary sources. The results of the study were obtained based on the consolidated method. As a result of the various matters in the proposed constitution, the issues of governance, provincial council, police power, provincial governors, etc., are subject to scrutiny and the solutions have been text.

Keywords: proposed constitution, federal, Constitution, provincial council, minority

¹ Department of Arabic Language, Faculty of Islamic Studies and Arabic Language, South Eastern University of Sri Lanka

² Department of Islamic Studies, faculty of Islamic Studies and Arabic language, South Eastern University of Sri Lanka

³ Department of Arabic Language, Faculty of Islamic Studies and Arabic Language, South Eastern University of Sri Lanka

⁴ Department of Islamic Studies, faculty of Islamic Studies and Arabic language, South Eastern University of Sri Lanka